Grid Planning for a Changing Climate

Transmission Challenges with Extreme Weather

Eknath Vittal, EPRI Sr. Principal Technical Leader

October 17, 2023 NASEO Annual Meeting Portland, OR

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Explore EPRI's research across the Nuclear, Generation, and Power Delivery and Utilization sectors ranging from decarbonization to grid modernization to low carbon resources.

COLLABORATION •

EPRI's collaborative platform is unrivaled. Our R&D:

- Leverages your research dollars
- · Connects you to a global network of peers
- Accelerates deployment of technology
- Mitigates the risk and uncertainty of going it alone
- Positions you as a leader in addressing industrywide challenges

CREDIBILITY

EPRI's independent research is guided by our mission to benefit the public. We offer:

- Objective solutions
- A proven track record
- Scientifically based research you can trust



Who We Are

Founded in 1972, the Electric Power Research Institute (EPRI) is the world's preeminent independent, non-profit energy research and development organization, with offices around the world.

• EXPERTISE

For more than 50 years, EPRI has been applying R&D to help solve real challenges. With EPRI, you can:

- Reduce expenses and increase productivity
- Be more resilient today and better prepared for tomorrow
- Access an industry repository of collective experiences, technical expertise, and training resources
- Extend your staff and make your teams more robust and more confident
- Benchmark, learn and share best practices
- Increase your awareness of challenges that others are facing and alternate solutions to challenges you might be facing
- Save time and money troubleshooting problems EPRI and its stakeholders have seen before

Our Experts

EPRI's trusted experts collaborate with more than 450 companies in 45 countries, driving innovation to ensure the public has clean, safe, reliable, affordable, and equitable access to electricity across the globe.

CLIMATE READI RESILIENCE AND ADAPTATION INITIATIVE

Workstream 1	Workstream 2	Workstream 3
Physical Climate Data & Guidance	Energy System & Asset Vulnerability Assessment	Resilience / Adaptation Planning & Prioritization
 Identify climate hazards and data required for different applications Evaluate data availability, suitability, and methods for downscaling & localizing climate information Address data gaps 	 Evaluate vulnerability at the component, system, and market levels from planning to operations Identify mitigation options from system to customer level Enhance criteria for planning and operations to account for event probability and uncertainty 	 Assess power system and societal impacts: resilience metrics and value measures Create guidance for optimal investment priorities Develop cost-benefit analysis, risk mitigation, and adaptation strategies

EPRI Climate <u>Re</u>silience and <u>Adaptation Initiative (READi)</u>

- COMPREHENSIVE: Develop a Common Framework addressing the entirety of the power system, planning through operations
- CONSISTENT: Provide an informed approach to climate risk assessment and strategic resilience planning that can be replicated
- COLLABORATIVE: Drive stakeholder alignment on adaptation strategies for efficient and effective investment



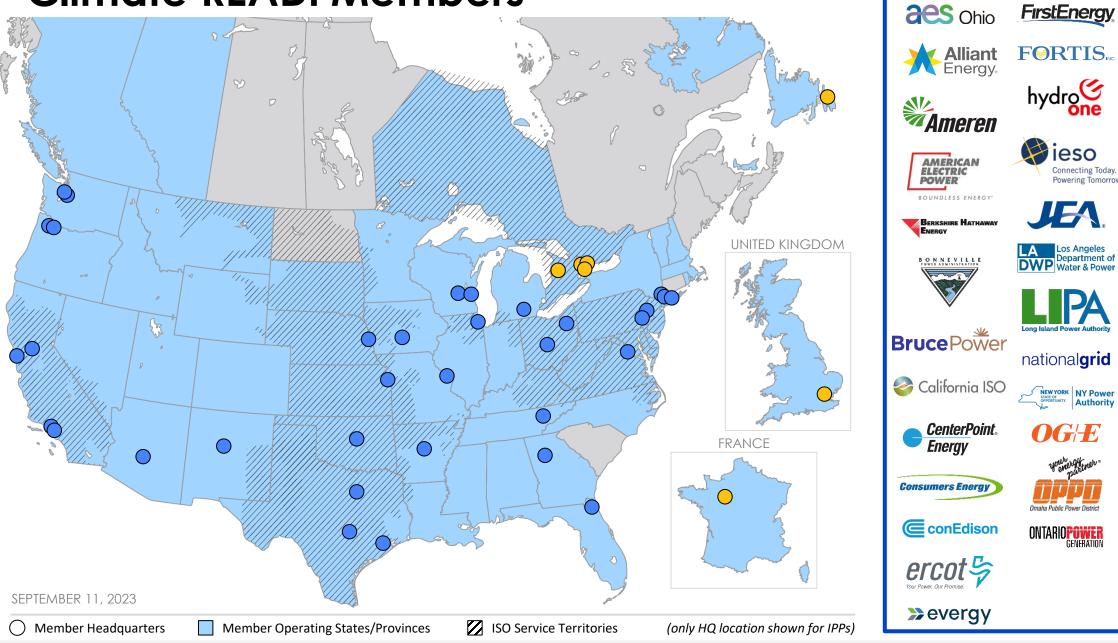
Deliverables: Common Framework "Guidebooks"

- Climate data assessment and application guidance
- Vulnerability assessment
- Risk mitigation investment
- Recovery planning
- Hardening technologies

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- Adaptation strategies
- Research priorities

Climate READi Members



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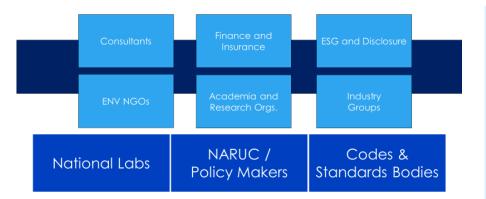
WEC Energy Group

NA

TENNESSEE VALLEY AUTHORITY

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA

Climate READi Affinity Group (CRAG)



Embracing a 'Big-Tent' Approach to Framework Development



- Accenture
- ADEX
- Alison Silverstein (Consultant)
- Andre Dessler (Consultant)
- Applied Weather Associates
- Argonne National Laboratory
- Baringa
- Battelle
- Black & Veatch
- Brookhaven National Laboratory
- CAMPUT
- Canadian Climate Institute
- CANDU Owners Group
- CarbonPlan
- CDP North America
- Center for Climate & Energy Solutions
- Chemonics
- Clark Miller (Consultant)
- Clean Air Task Force
- Climate Risk Institute
- Columbia University
- Copperleaf Technologies
- CSA Group
- Desert Research Institute
- Disaster Tech
- Eagle Rock Analytics
- Eaton
- Electricity Canada
- Energy Systems Integration Group
- Energy Networks Association
- Enline Transmission
- Exponent
- Grid Lab
- Grid2.0
- Guidehouse

- Houston Advanced Research Center
- ► ICF
 - ► IEEE
- Imperial College London
- King Abdullah Petroleum Studies and Research Center
- Institute of Nuclear Power Operations
- Jacobs Engineering
- Khalifa University
- King Abdullah University of Science and Technology
- King's College London
- Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory
- Lawrence Livermore National Laboratory
- McCormick Taylor
- Midwest Climate Collaborative
- Model World Consulting
- National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners
- National Association of State Energy Officials
- National Center for Atmospheric Research
- National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
- National Renewable Energy Laboratory
- North American Electric Reliability Corporation
- North American Transmission Forum
- Nuclear Energy Institute

- Nuclear Electric Insurance Limited
- National Renewable Energy Laboratory
- Oak Ridge National Laboratory
- Oregon State University
- Pacific Northwest National Laboratory
- Pacific Northwest Utilities Conference Committee
- Power Systems Engineering Research Center
- Quanta Services
- RAND Corporation
- Resources for the Future
- RS Poles
- RUNWITHIT Synthetics
- Sharply Focused
- SLR Consulting
- Storm Impact
- Sunairio
- Union of Concerned Scientists
- Universidad Pontificia
- University of Albany
- University of Illinois
- University of Michigan
- University of Nottingham
- University of Reading
- University of Saskatchewan
- Verdantas



Workstream 3 Objective

Investment prioritization for resilience that accounts for climate risks, asset vulnerability, and impacts on society and communities

To identify and prioritize investments, we need to:

Account for what the system might look like in response to climate and technology development



Understand how existing assets and infrastructure will be vulnerable to climate



Identify what are the new adaptations that we want to invest in to ensure resilience



How these adaptations impact communities, equity, and justice

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A Changing Regulatory Landscape

A Push for Interregional Transmission

183 FERC § 61,193 DEPARTMENT OF ENERGY FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION 18 CER Part 40 [Docket No. RM22-10-000; Order No. 896] Transmission System Planning Performance Requirements for Extreme Weather (Issued June 15, 2023) AGENCY: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ACTION: Final rule SUMMARY: The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission directs the North American Electric Reliability Corporation, the Commission-certified Electric Reliability Organization, to develop a new or modified Reliability Standard no later than 18 months of the date of publication of this final rule in the Federal Register to address reliability concerns pertaining to transmission system planning for extreme heat and cold weather events that impact the Reliable Operation of the Bulk-Power System. Specifically, we direct the North American Electric Reliability Corporation to develop a new or modified Reliability Standard that requires the following: development of benchmark planning cases based on prior extreme heat and cold weather events and/or future meteorological projections; planning for extreme heat and cold events using steady state and transient stability analyses that cover a range of extreme weather scenarios, including the expected resource mix's availability during extreme weather conditions and the broad area impacts of extreme weather; and corrective action plans that include mitigation activities for

FERC Order 896

Updates the NERC transmission planning standard (TPL-001-5.1) and asks planning entities to identify corrective actions for reliability impacts driven by extreme heat or extreme cold events

184 FERC 9 61 054 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION 18 CFR Part 35 [Docket No. RM22-14-000; Order No. 2023] Improvements to Generator Interconnection Procedures and Agreements (Issued July 28, 2023) AGENCY: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ACTION: Final rule SUMMARY: The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (Commission or FERC) it adopting reforms to its pro forma Large Generator Interconnection Procedures, pro forma Small Generator Interconnection Procedures, pro forma Large Generator Interconnection Agreement, and pro forma Small Generator Interconnection Agreement to address interconnection queue backlogs, improve certainty, and prevent undue discrimination for new technologies. The reforms are intended to ensure that the generator interconnection process is just, reasonable, and not unduly discriminatory or preferential EFFECTIVE DATE: This final rule will become effective [INSERT DATE 60 DAYS AFTER DATE OF PUBLICATION IN THE FEDERAL REGISTER FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Tristan Kessler (Technical Information) Office of Energy Policy and Innovation 888 First Street, NE Washington, DC 20426 (202) 502-6608

FERC Order 2023

stan.kessler@ferc.go

Reforms the generation interconnection study process and address cost allocation with transmission reinforcement for generation interconnection

179 FERC 9 61,028 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA FEDERAL ENERGY REGULATORY COMMISSION 18 CFR Part 35 Docket No. RM21-17-000 Building for the Future Through Electric Regional Transmission Planning and Cost Allocation and Generator Interconnection (Issued April 21, 2022) AGENCY: Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ACTION: Notice of Proposed Rulemaking SUMMARY: The Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (Commission) proposes to reform both the pro forma Open Access Transmission Tariff and the pro forma Large Generator Interconnection Agreement to remedy deficiencies in the Commission's existing regional transmission planning and cost allocation requirements. Specifically, the proposal would require public utility transmission providers to (1) conduct long-term regional transmission planning on a sufficiently forward-looking basis to meet transmission needs driven by changes in the resource mix and demand; (2) more fully consider dynamic line ratings and advanced power flow control devices in regional transmission planning processes; (3) seek the agreement of relevant state entities within the transmission planning region regarding the cost allocation method or methods that will apply to transmission facilities selected in the regional transmission plan for purposes of cost allocation through long-term regional transmission planning; (4) adopt enhanced transparency requirements for local transmission planning processes and

NOPR RM21-17-000

Establishes a longer horizon for transmission planning (20-years) and seeks to remedy the costallocation required for the construction of interregional transmission, essentially updating Order 1000



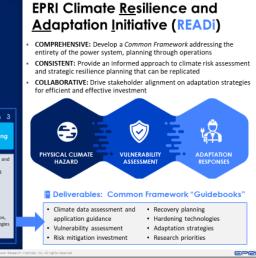
How EPRI research is supporting industry's needs?

Developing collaborative researchbased framework to support industry and facilitate decision making

- EPRI working to identify the challenges and changes that will be required in the CBA process to value reliability, resilience, and value to customers and communities
- Work across EPRI is focused on the integrated planning processes required to address extreme weather challenges in power system planning assessments

Climate READi

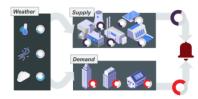
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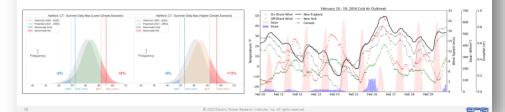


EPRI's Resource Adequacy Extreme Weather Risk Modeling

EPRI's approach to probabilistic resource adequacy study in the operational time frame under extreme weather events

- Extreme Weather Analysis Identify potential extreme weather events of interest. Leverage historical data and climate projections to create future synthetic synchronous hourly profiles of temp + wind + solar that reflect climate model trends and extremes as model inputs.
- Risk Model Development and Scenario Generation Generate scenarios that "stress test" the system with extreme events. Evaluate the vulnerability of the future energy mix to weather drivers.





RA Initiative and Base Research Projects



